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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/466,961	12/20/1999	YOUN GYOUNG CHANG	8733.20050	1786	
30827	7590 09/03/2002				
MCKENNA LONG & ALDRIDGE LLP			EXAMINER		
1900 K STRE WASHINGTO	ET, NW DN, DC 20006		BROCK II, PAUL E		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2815		
			DATE MAILED: 09/03/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/466,961	CHANG ET AL.	111
Offic Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit	100
	Paul E Brock II	2815	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Peri df r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with	th c rrespond nce ac	ldress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS cause the application to become ABANI	be timely filed  0) days will be considered time  5 from the mailing date of this of  DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. ommunication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 J			
<u> </u>	is action is non-final.		
<ol> <li>Since this application is in condition for allowal closed in accordance with the practice under a Disposition of Claims</li> </ol>			ne merits is
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,4,9,15,17 and 18</u> is/are pending i	n the application		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	m nom obnolaciation.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,4,9,15,17 and 18</u> is/are rejected.			
7)☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement		
Application Papers	cicolon requirement.		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	г.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep		Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•		
11)⊠ The proposed drawing correction filed on <u>31 Au</u>	<i>gust 2001</i> is: a)⊠ approved	b) disapproved by t	he Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	oly to this Office action.		
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in App	lication No	
Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But     See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified of the copies of the prior and the copies of the prior and the copies of the prior applications.	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		Stage
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic			l application)
a)   The translation of the foreign language pro	visional application has beer	n received.	
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesting the Attachment(c).	c priority under 35 U.S.C. 99	120 and/or 121.	
Attachment(s)  1)   Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Sun	nmary (PTO-413) Paper No	(e)
1) Notice of References Cited (F10-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT0-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PT0-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Info	mal Patent Application (PT	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bang. (USPAT 5466620, Bang) in view of the applicant's admitted prior art.

With regard to claim 1, Bang discloses in figures 2b and 5g a switching TFT controlling a release of stored charges, the switching TFT having a gate electrode (11), an insulating layer (12) on the gate electrode, an active layer (13) on the insulating layer, an ohmic contact layer (15) on the active layer, and dual layered source and drain electrodes that are each comprised of a transparent conductive material (16 and 40) that extends over and contacts the ohmic contact layer, and a metal material (17 and 18) that extends over the transparent conductive material and that wraps around an end of the transparent conductive material to contact the ohmic contact layer. Bang is silent to a sensor TFT and a storage capacitor. The applicant's admitted prior art discloses in figure 1 a sensor thin film transistor (TFT) (C) generating optical current. The applicant's admitted prior art further discloses in figure 1 a storage capacitor storing charges of the optical current generated in the sensor thin film transistor. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to use the sensor tft and the storage

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capacitor of the applicant's admitted prior art in the method of Bang in order to detect an optical image using well understood thin film transistors and capacitors as stated by the applicant's admitted prior art on page 2, lines 10 - 16.

With regard to claim 4, Bang discloses in column 6, lines 19-21 that the transparent conducting material is indium tin oxide.

3. Claims 3, 9, 15 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bang and the applicant's admitted prior art as applied to claims 1 and 15 above, and further in view of den Boer et al. (USPAT 5656824, den Boer).

With regard to claim 3, Bang and the applicant's admitted prior art do not teach the metal for the dual layered source and drain regions comprises chrome. den Boer teaches column 5, line 50 a metal layer of chrome for a dual layer source electrode. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to use chrome as the metal material in the dual layered electrodes of the applicant's admitted prior art and Bang in order to have a known metal whose processing is well understood in the art as taught by den Boer in column 7, lines 32 – 50.

With regard to claim 9, Similar to the rejection of claim 3, den Boer teaches in column 8, lines 38 – 41 wherein the metal material is a substantially non-transparent metal material.

Claim 15 is rejected similar to claim 1 and 9 above.

With regard to claim 17, Bang teaches in figures 2b and 5g wherein the transparent conducting layer contacts the side of the active layer.

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4. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawai in view of den Boer.

Kawai discloses in figure 10 a gate electrode on a substrate (21). Kawai discloses in figure 2 an insulating layer (31) over the gate electrode. Kawai discloses in figure 10 a semiconductor layer on the insulating layer and adjacent the gate electrode, wherein the semiconductor layer includes an active layer (33) and a contact layer (34). Kawai discloses in figure 10 spaced apart first and second electrodes that electrically contact the contact layer so as to define a channel region. Kawai discloses in figure 10 wherein the second electrode of the TFT is a dual layer structure comprised of a transparent conducting layer (35) that electrically contacts the contact layer and a non-transparent metal layer (27) that is disposed over the transparent conducting layer. Kawai does not teach that the non-transparent metal layer extends over an end of the transparent conducting layer to electrically contact the contact layer. den Boer teaches in figure 2 a second electrode wherein an upper conducting layer extends over an end of a lower conducting layer to electrically contact a contact layer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to have the upper conducting layer extending over an end of a lower conducting layer to electrically contact a contact layer as in den Boer in the device of Kawai in order to permit the TFT to selectively energize a corresponding pixel in the LCD as stated by den Boer in column 5, lines 29 - 35.

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## Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 3, 4, 9, 15 and 17 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 6. Applicant's arguments filed July 22, 2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 7. In response to applicant's argument, regarding claim 18, that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., a metal material... that wraps around an end of the transparent conductive material) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

#### Conclusion

8. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul E Brock II whose telephone number is (703)308-6236. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 AM-5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eddie Lee can be reached on (703)308-1690. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)308-7722 for regular communications and (703)308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0956.

Paul E Brock II August 28, 2002

EDDIE LEE

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800